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WORLDWIDE℠

Investor Presentation

May 7, 2024

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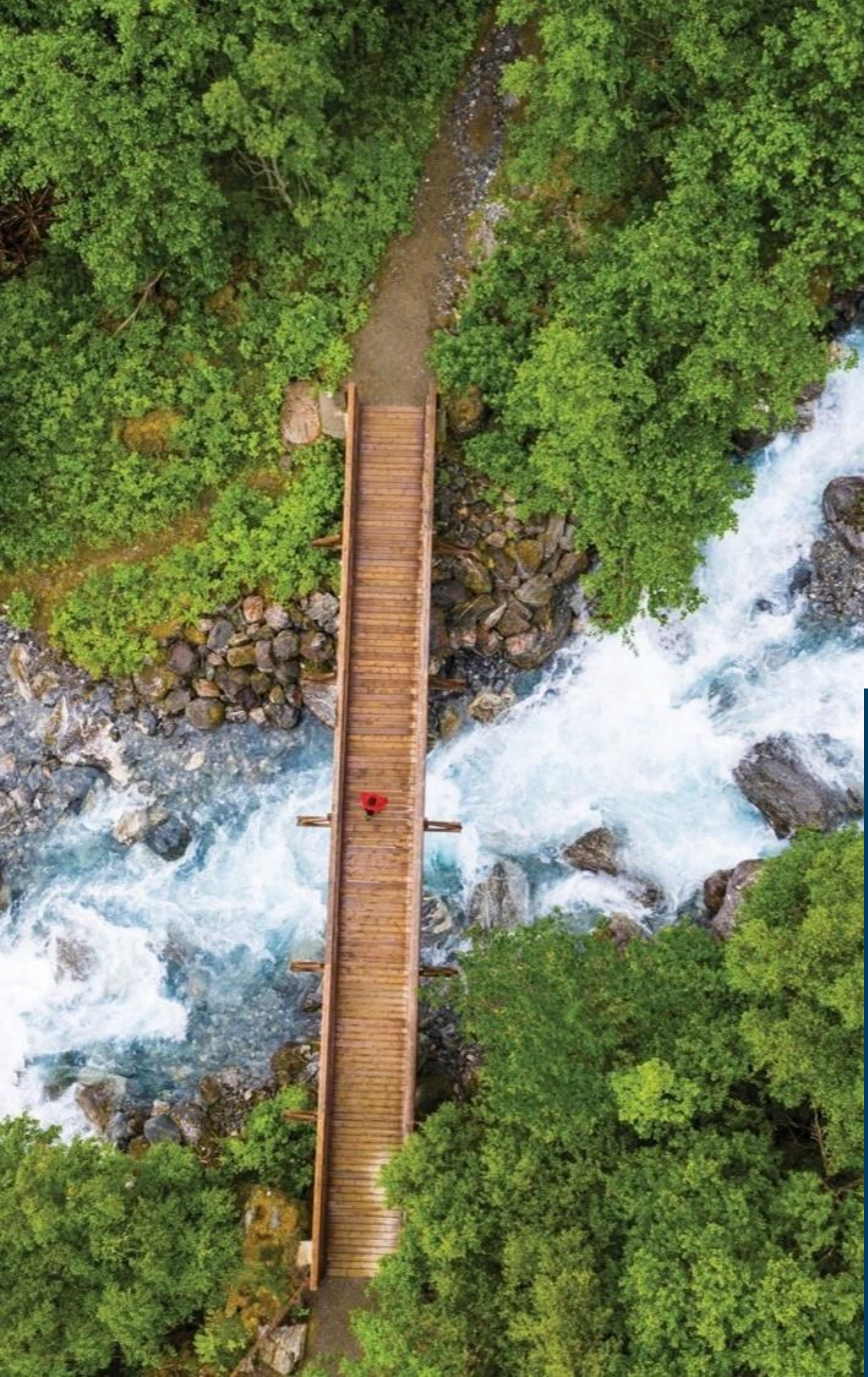
Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation and accompanying schedules contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of federal securities laws, including statements about expectations for future growth and projections for full year 2024. Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts and can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as the words "believe," "expect," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "continue," "may," "might," "should," "could" or the negative of these terms or similar expressions. We caution you that these statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to numerous and evolving risks and uncertainties that we may not be able to predict or assess, such as: a future health crisis and responses to a health crisis, including possible quarantines or other government imposed travel or health-related restrictions and the effects of a health crisis, including the short and longer-term impact on consumer confidence and demand for travel, and the pace of recovery following a health crisis; variations in demand for vacation ownership and exchange products and services; worker absenteeism; price inflation; difficulties associated with implementing new or maintaining existing technology; changes in privacy laws; the impact of a future banking crisis; impacts from natural or man-made disasters and wildfires, including the Maui wildfires; global supply chain disruptions; volatility in the international and national economy and credit markets, including as a result of the ongoing conflicts between Russia and Ukraine, Israel and Gaza, and other conflicts elsewhere in the world and related sanctions and other measures; our ability to attract and retain our global workforce; competitive conditions; the availability of capital to finance growth; the impact of changes in interest rates; the effects of steps we have taken and may continue to take to reduce operating costs; political or social strife; and other matters referred to under the heading "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, and which may be updated in our periodic filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. All forward-looking statements in this presentation are made as of the date of this presentation and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law. There maybe other risks and uncertainties that we cannot predict at this time or that we currently do not expect will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operationsor cash flows. Any such risks could cause our results to differ materially from those we express in forward-looking statements.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. In this presentation we report certain financial measures that are not prescribed by United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We discuss our reasons for reporting these non-GAAP financial measures herein, and reconcile the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to each non-GAAP financial measure that we report (in the appendix). Non-GAAP financial measures are identified in the footnotes in the pages that follow and are further explained in the appendix. Although we evaluate and present these non-GAAP financial measures for the reasons described in the appendix, please be aware that these non-GAAP financial measures have limitations and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for revenues, net income or loss attributable to common stockholders, earnings orloss per share or any other comparable operating measure prescribed by GAAP. In addition, other companies in our industry may calculate these non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do or may not calculate them at all, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

Brands. We refer to brands that we own, as well as those brands that we license, as our brands. All brand names, trademarks, trade names, and service marks names cited in this presentation are the property of their respective owners, including those of other companies and organizations. Solely for convenience, trademarks, trade names, and service marks referred to in this presentation may appear without the ® or TM symbols, however such references are not intended to indicatein any way that MVW or the owner, as applicable, will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, all rights to such trademarks, trade names, and service marks.



Driving Sustained Long-Term Growth

Unique and resilient business model

Consistent and sustainable growth

Leading Provider of Vacation Experiences

Vacation Ownership – 87% of Adjusted EBITDA Contribution*

- Sales of vacation ownership products & financing
- Management & rentals

7

Iconic Brands

~120

Resorts

~700,000

Owner Families

Leader in

Upper Upscale Resorts

Exchange and Third-Party Management – 13% of Adjusted EBITDA Contribution*

- Exchange
- Third-party management

~1.6M

Interval International Members

>3,200

Exchange Resorts

Premier

Exchange Company

>90

Countries and Territories

All values as of 12/31/2023 and Adjusted EBITDA contribution based on full year 2023 results.
*Adjusted EBITDA contribution and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP measures. For definitions and reconciliation, please see appendix.

Evolving and Resilient Business Model

	Pre-2011	Today	Outcome
Products	Timeshare + residence + fractional ownership	Timeshare + exchange	Diverse cash flow
Brand Expansion	3 brands	7 brands	Now selling Marriott- and Hyatt-branded products
Sales Centers	Site-specific	"Sell the system"	Perpetual sales centers across system and more efficient marketing channels
Product Structure	Deeded weeks-based	Primarily points-based	Capital efficient
Development Model	Capital intensive	Capital efficient	High margins and free cash flow

Large and Attractive Addressable Market and Customer Base

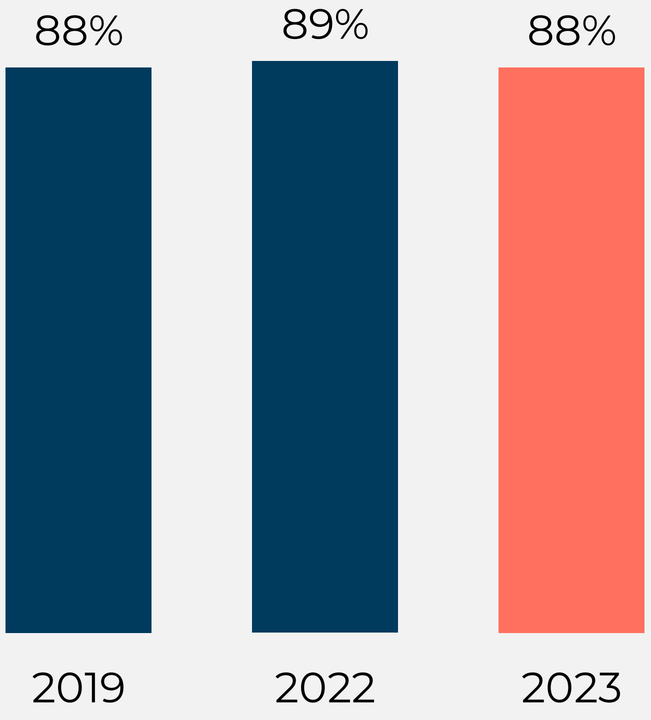
Vacation Ownership

~48M	Households – addressable market in U.S. alone
735	Average FICO score
~80%	Owners with no loan
~$125K	Owner median annual income

Addressable households based on 2022 data from the American Community Survey. FICO score based on buyers in full year 2023. Annual income and owners without loans based on all owners as of 12/31/2022.

On-Site Guests Drive Vacation Ownership Sales

Pre-paid Vacations Drive **High Resort Occupancy**



Most Vacation Ownership **Sales** Come from **On-Property Guests**[1]

~85%

from resort guests

1. Sales from resort guests based on full year 2023 contract sales.

High-Margin Exchange and Third-Party Management Business with Low Capital Intensity

~40% of Members are MVW Vacation Ownership Owners

$130M

Segment
Adjusted EBITDA*

1%

Capital Expenditure
as % of Revenue (excluding
Cost Reimbursements)

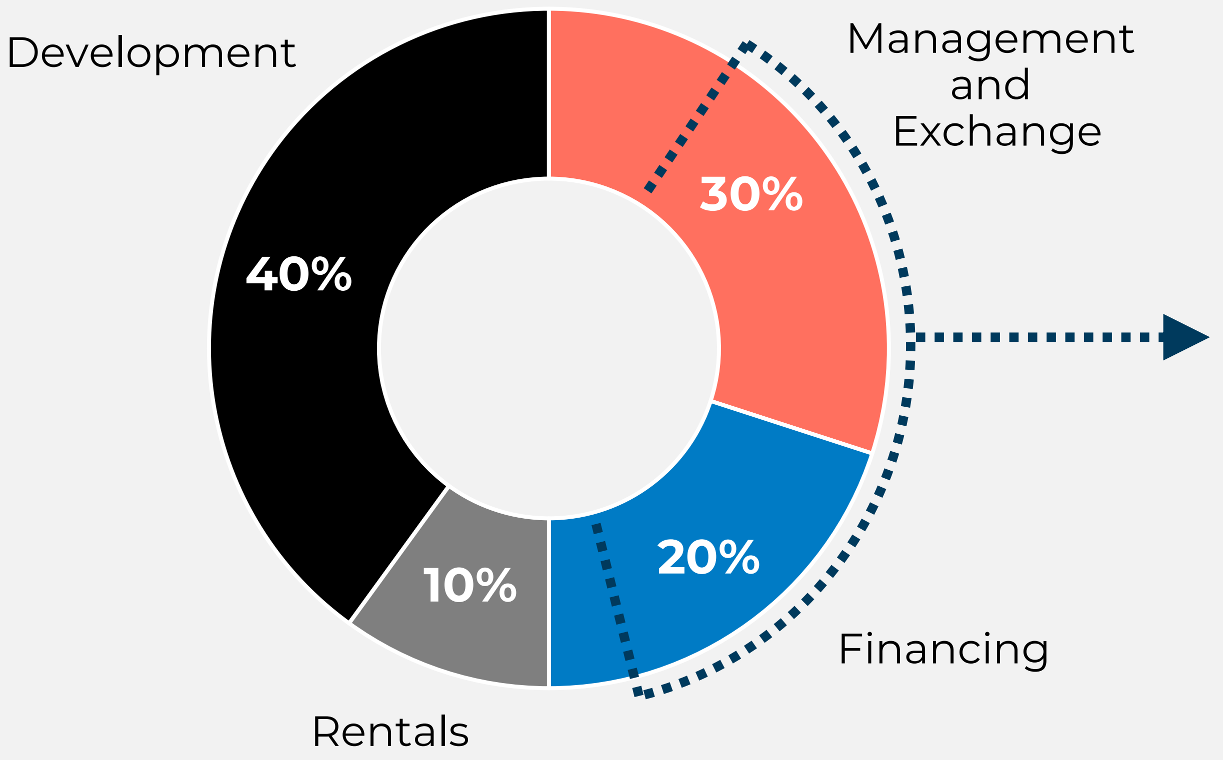
52%

Segment
Adjusted EBITDA Margin*

All numbers based on full year 2023 results.
*Segment Adjusted EBITDA and Segment Adjusted EBITDA margin are non-GAAP measures. Please see appendix for definitions and reconciliations.

Substantial Adjusted EBITDA from Recurring Sources

Adjusted EBITDA Contribution*



~35%

of Adjusted EBITDA contribution from recurring sources

All numbers are approximate.
*Adjusted EBITDA Contribution is based on full year 2023 results and is a non-GAAP measure. For definition and reconciliation, please see appendix.

Well Positioned To Grow

4 **High margin/cash flow business**
- Efficient capital and cost controls provide substantial free cash flow

3 **Strong value proposition**
- Versus lodging average rates

2 **Spacious upper upscale resorts**
- Product well aligned with current vacation style

1 **100% leisure focused**
- Flexible and resilient to changing work trends

Strong Liquidity Position

As of March 31, 2024

Available cash on hand	**$237M**
Gross notes available for securitization[1]	**$61M**
Additional borrowing capacity under revolving credit facility	**$557M**

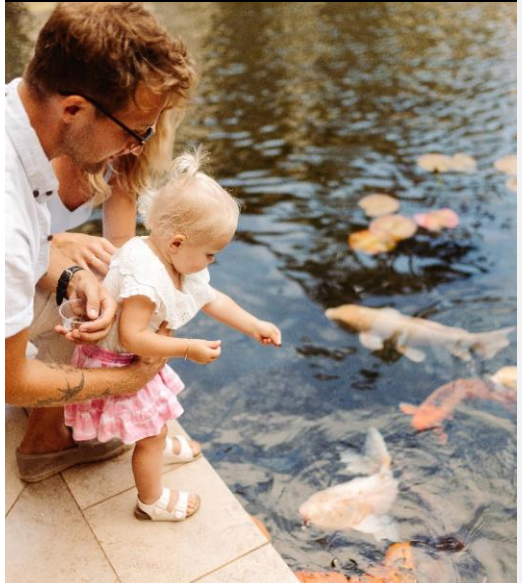
~$860 Million of Liquidity

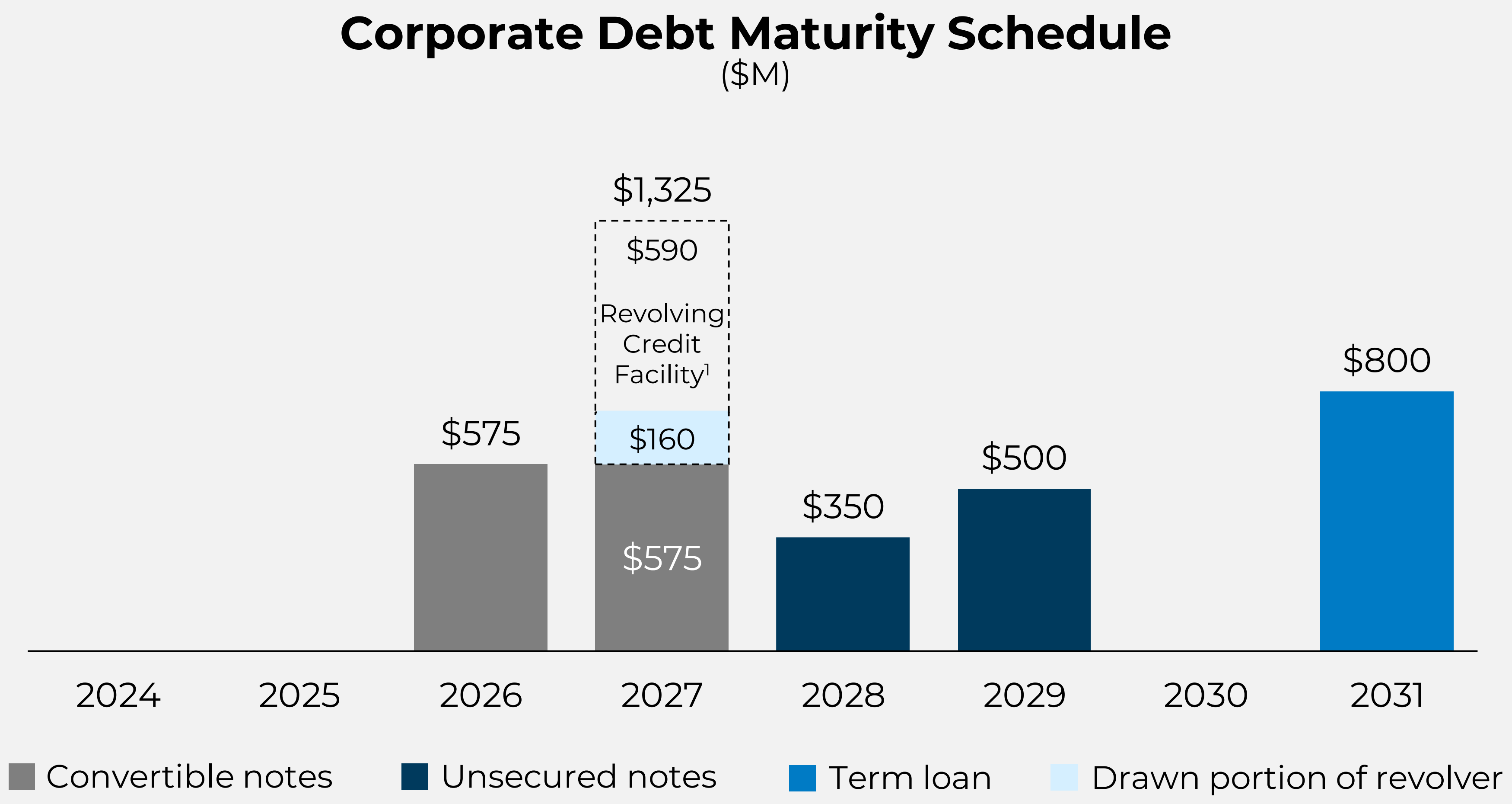
1. Represents gross notes receivable eligible for securitization that are not in the warehouse credit facility.

No Near-Term Maturities

Q1 2024 Ending Leverage of

3.9x





All numbers as of 3/31/2024, pro forma for new $800 million Term Loan B which closed on 4/01/2024 and the hedges which expired on 4/30/2024, and exclude non-recourse securitized debt. Corporate debt maturity schedule excludes finance leases. Net leverage calculated using gross corporate debt minus cash, divided by last twelve months Adjusted EBITDA.

1. Excludes $33 million of outstanding letters of credit.

Disciplined Capital Allocation Model

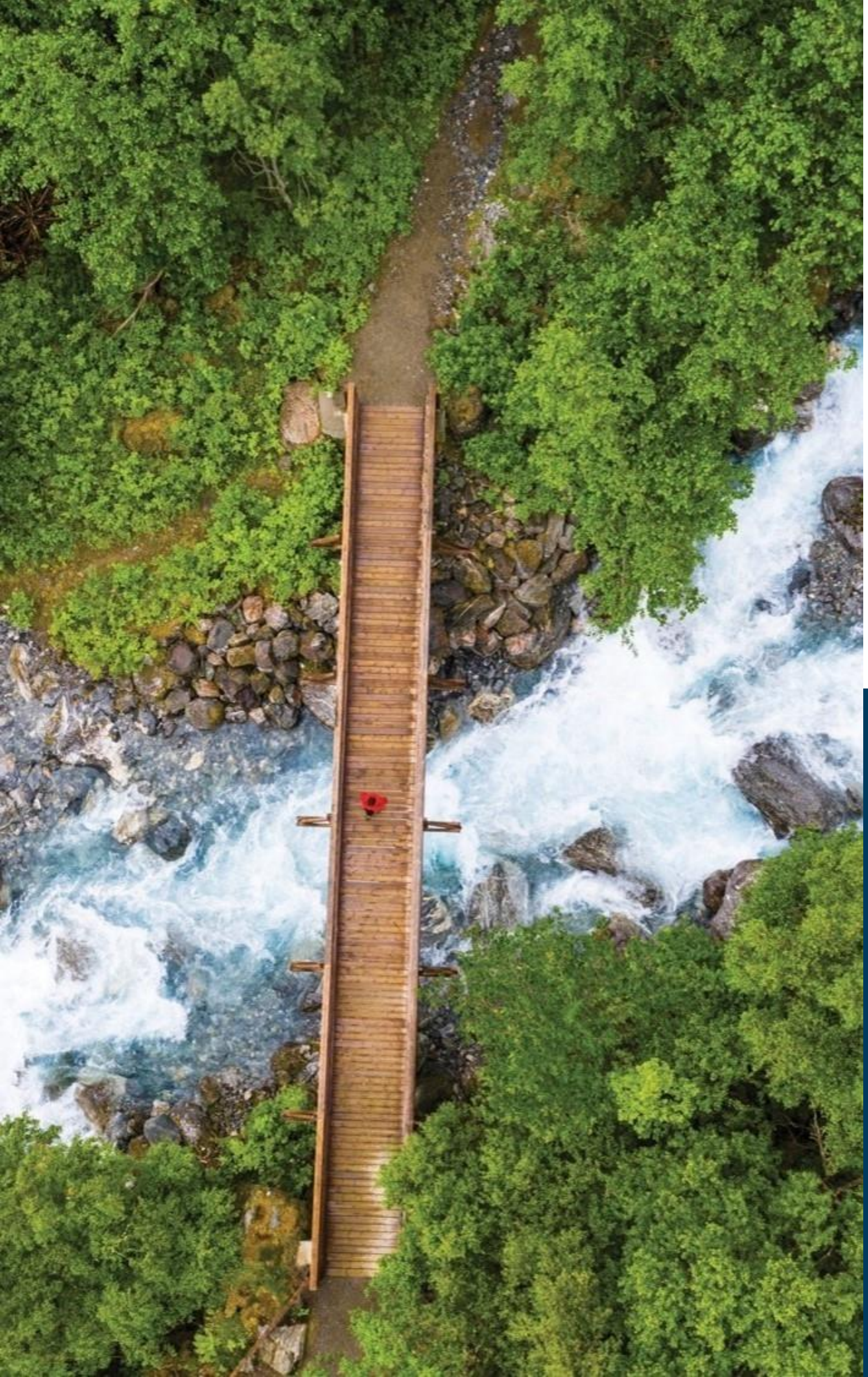
Strong Free Cash Flow Generation

Organic growth
- Inventory acquisition
- Technology investment

Strategic M&A
- Bolt-on
- New leisure-related opportunities

Return capital to shareholders
- Share repurchases
- Dividends

Corporate debt reduction
- Reduce leverage



Driving Sustained Long-Term Growth

Unique and resilient business model

Consistent and sustainable growth

Three-Point Growth Strategy

1

Drive growth through continued transformation of our products

2

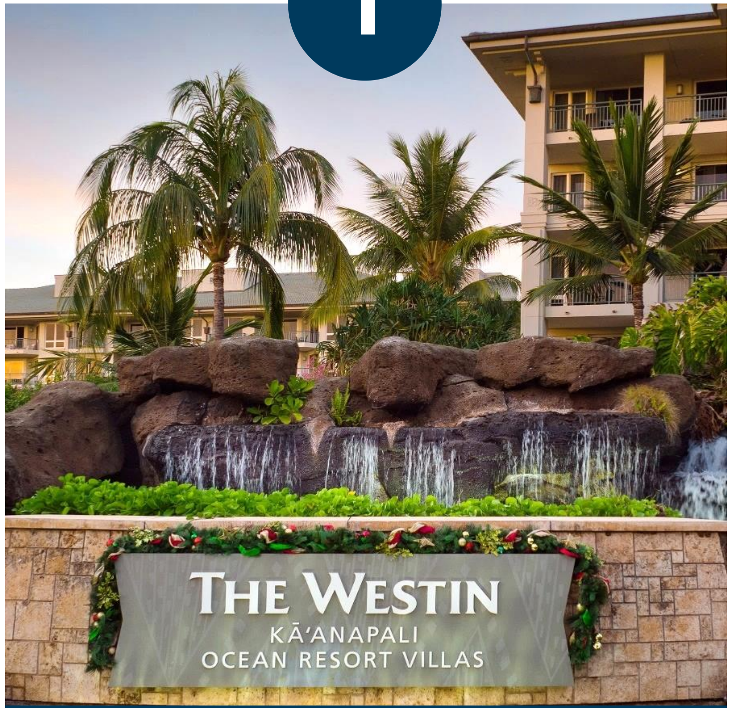
Leverage technology to expand our businesses and new product offerings

3

Disciplined use of free cash flow

Driving Vacation Ownership Growth

1

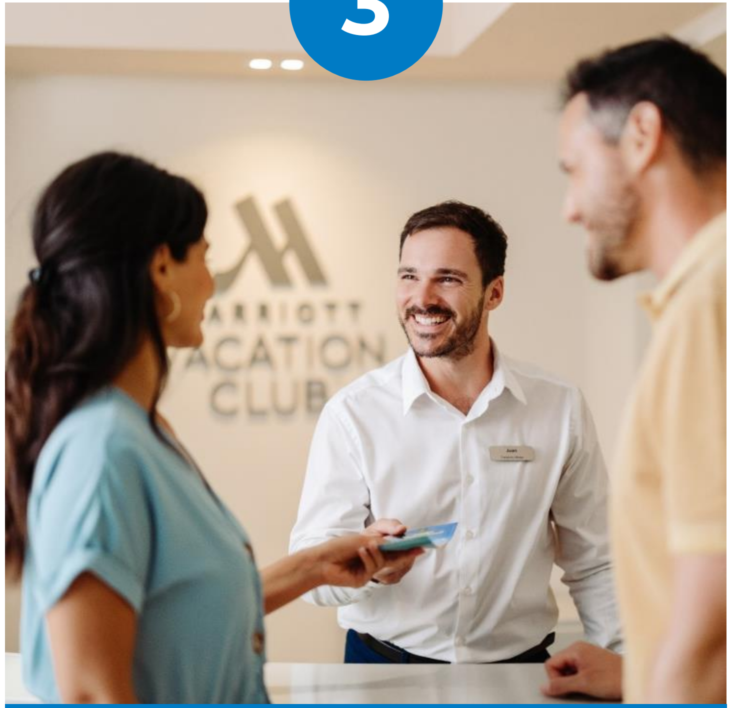


Leveraging our Brands to Drive Growth

2

Technology-Driven Sales and Marketing Growth

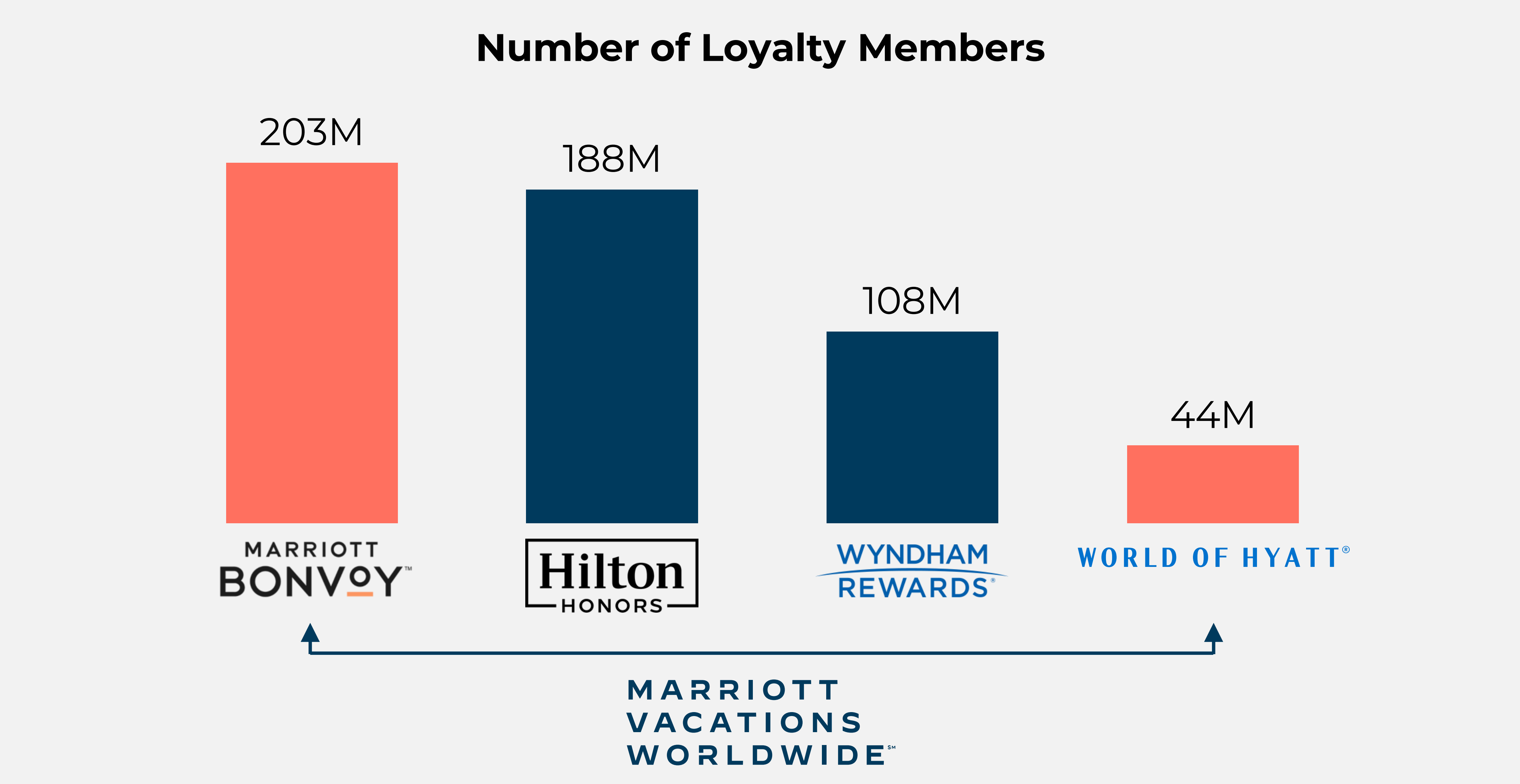
3



High Owner Engagement with Customer-Driven Product Strategies

Vacation Ownership Growth Strategy #1

Leveraging Strong License Relationships



Marriott, Hilton, and Wyndham as of March 31, 2024. Hyatt as of December 31, 2023.

Vacation Ownership Growth Strategy #1

Global Footprint in Premium Locations

	Marriott Vacation Club	Westin Vacation Club	Sheraton Vacation Club	Hyatt Vacation Club
Scottsdale, AZ	✓	✓	✓	
Orlando, FL	✓		✓	
Maui, HI	✓	✓		✓
Oahu, HI	✓			
Big Island, HI	✓			
Kauai, HI	✓	✓	✓	
Las Vegas, NV	✓			
New York, NY	✓			
Aruba	✓			
Cancun, Mexico		✓		
Los Cabos, Mexico		✓		✓
Asia Pacific	✓			

Vacation Ownership Growth Strategy #1

Transforming Hyatt Vacation Ownership Business

1

Implement best practices

2

Product enhancements

3

Capitalize on development opportunities

4

Optimize marketing channels

Vacation Ownership Growth Strategy #2

Unified Products and Enhancing Digital Capabilities

1 Unified product drives growth

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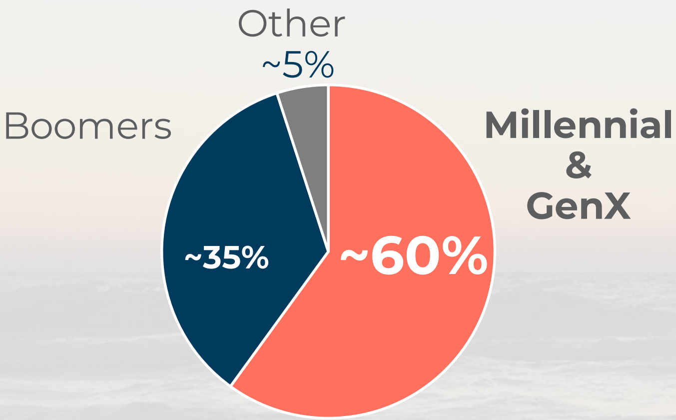
2 Transform marketing, sales, and service with technology

- Enhance internet-based marketing campaigns
- Invest in AI and data science to improve self-service
- Expand virtual sales presentations
- Leverage data & analytics for more efficient marketing

Vacation Ownership Growth Strategy #3

Focusing on First-Time Buyer Growth

Increasing Sales to Younger Generations[1]



Growing New Owners[2]

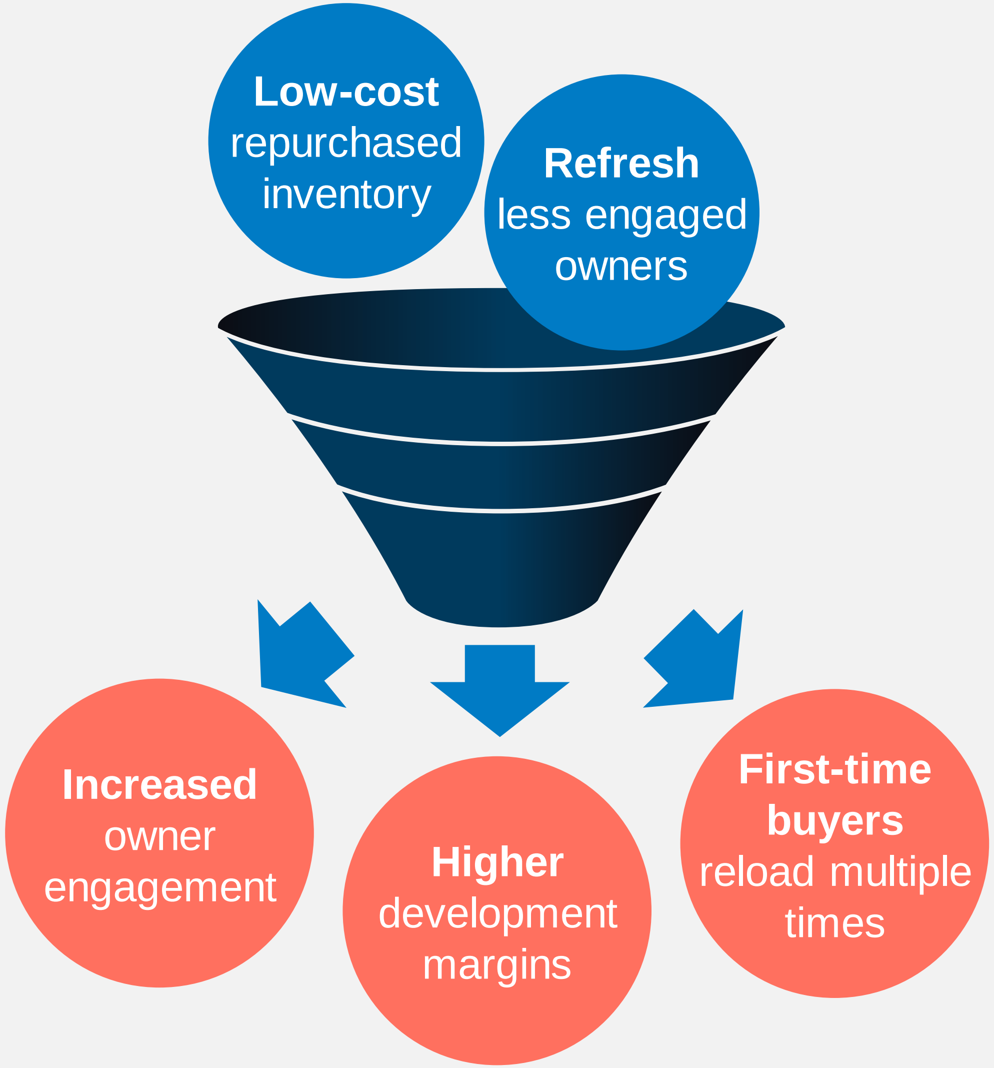
~160K

First-time buyers added since 2016

1. Based on 2023 contract sales. First-time buyers only.
2. 2016 – 2023.

Vacation Ownership Growth Strategy #3

Repurchases Refresh Owner Base to Improve Margins and Satisfaction

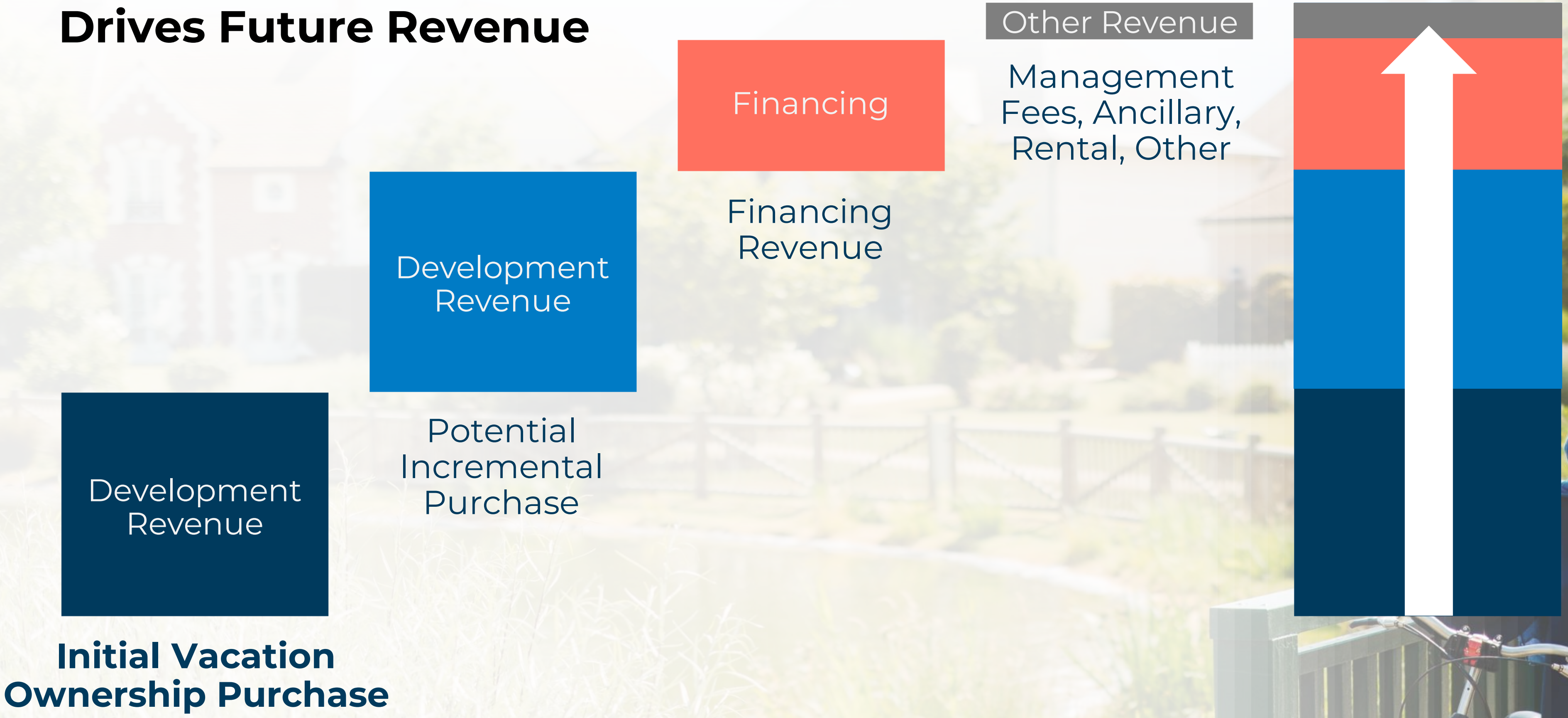


Points owners are
2.5x
as likely to tour and
2x
as likely to buy[1]

1. Represents North America Marriott Vacation Club owners who stayed on-site. Based on full year 2023 results.

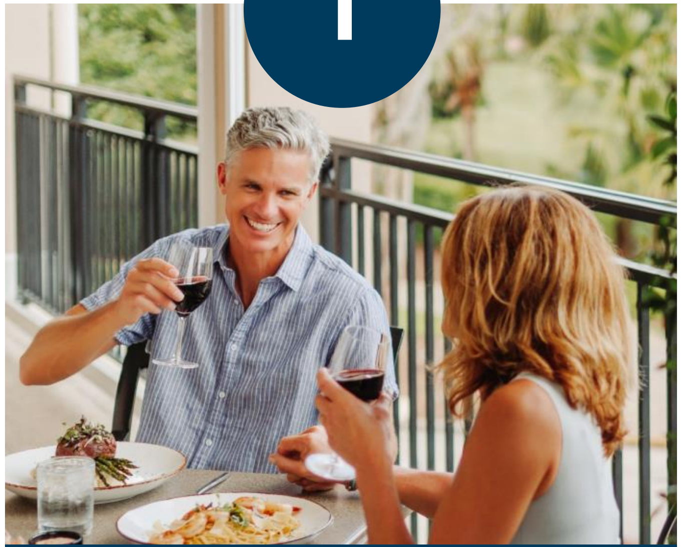
Adding Highly Engaged New Owners Drives Revenue Growth

Ongoing Relationship Drives Future Revenue



Exchange & Third-Party Management Business Growth Strategies

1



Increase share of wallet with enhanced product offerings

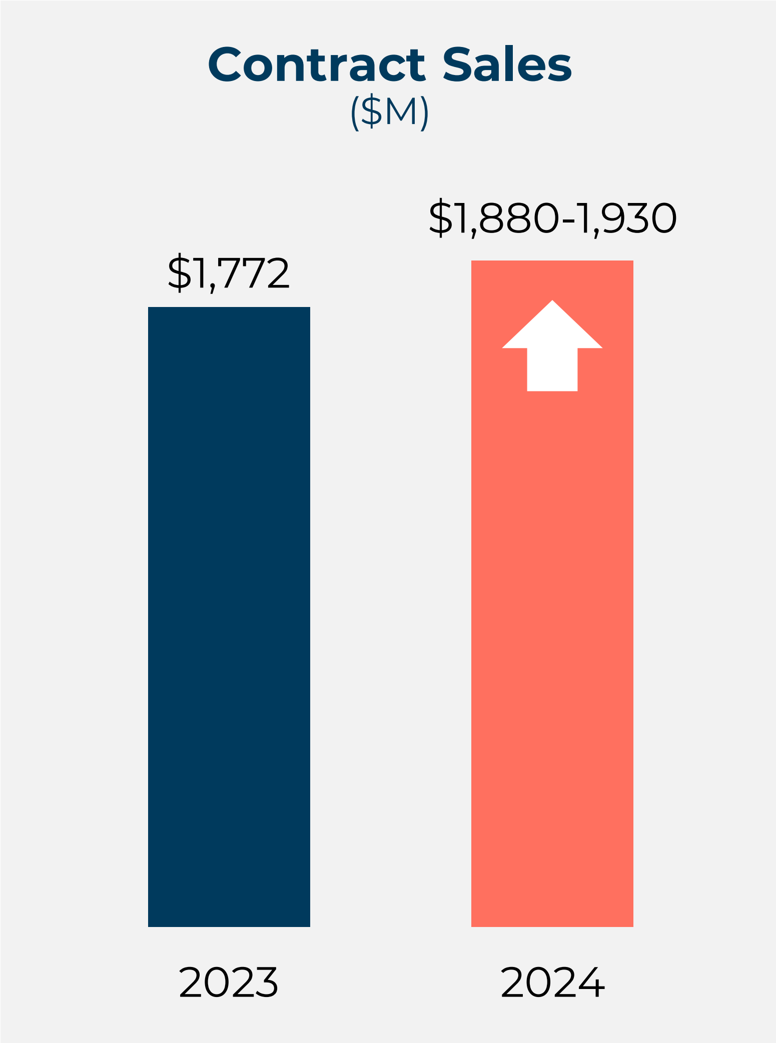
2

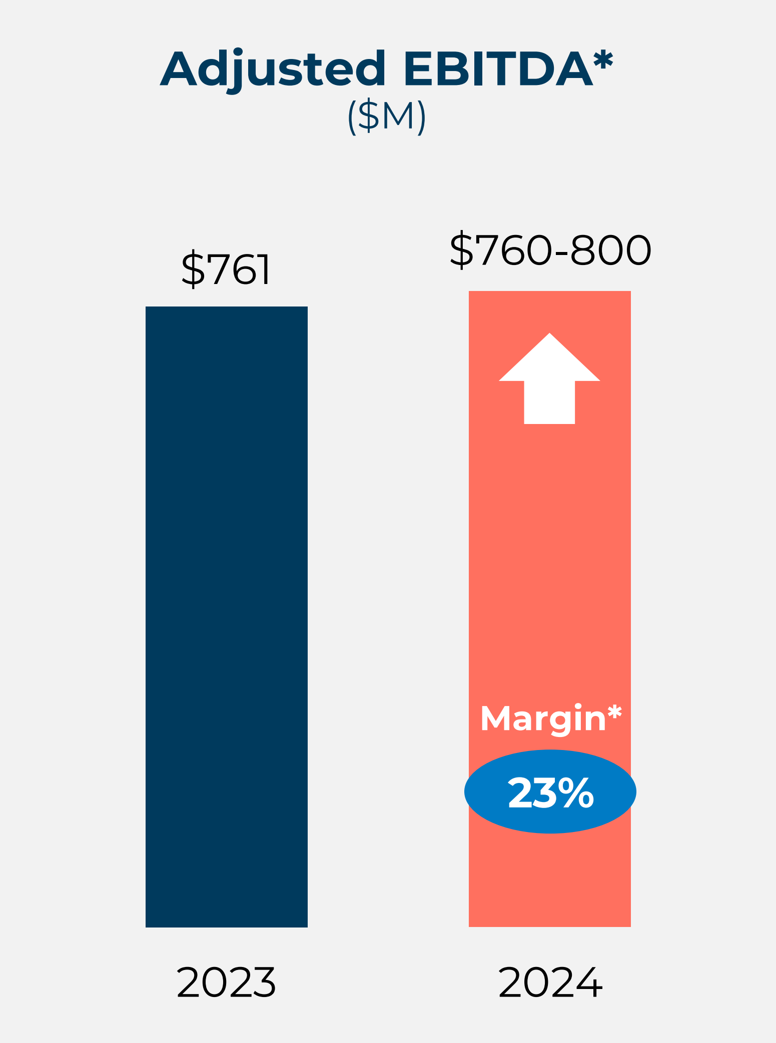
Expand distribution channels

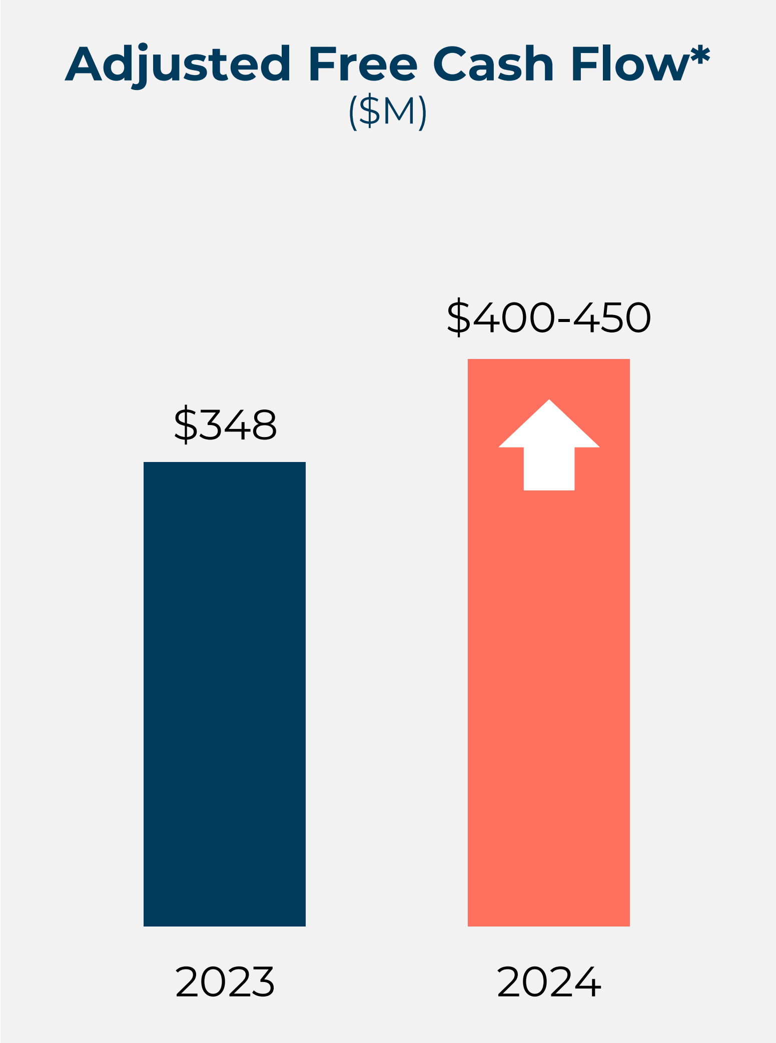
3

Grow affiliations and management contracts

Growing in Full Year 2024







CAGRs and Adjusted EBITDA margin calculated using the 2024 midpoint of guidance.
*Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, and Adjusted free cash flow are non-GAAP measures. For definitions and reconciliation, please see appendix.

Resilient, Well-Positioned Business Executing on Proven Strategy

- Proven resilient business model
- Well-positioned products with iconic brands
- Expansion through organic growth, acquisitions, and new product lines
- Enhancing value and efficiency with technology
- High-margin businesses yielding substantial adjusted free cash flow

IN SUMMARY

Appendix

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In our presentation we report certain financial measures that are not prescribed by GAAP. We discuss our reasons for reporting these non-GAAP financial measures below and we have made footnote references to them on the preceding pages. The financial schedules included herein reconcile the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to each non-GAAP financial measure that we report. Although we evaluate and present these non-GAAP financial measures for the reasons described below, please be aware that these non-GAAP financial measures have limitations and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for revenues, net income or loss attributable to common stockholders, earnings or loss per share or any other comparable operating measure prescribed by GAAP. In addition, other companies in our industry may calculate these non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do or may not calculate them at all, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

We evaluate non-GAAP financial measures, including those described below, that exclude certain items in the periods indicated, and believe these measures provide useful information to investors because these non-GAAP financial measures allow for period-over-period comparisons of our on-going core operations before the impact of these certain items. These non-GAAP financial measures also facilitate the comparison of results from our on-going core operations before these items with results from other companies in our industry.

Earnings Before Interest Expense, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA") and Adjusted EBITDA EBITDA, a financial measure that is not prescribed by GAAP, is defined as earnings, or net income or loss attributable to common stockholders, before interest expense, net (excluding consumer financing interest expense associated with term loan securitization transactions), income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA reflects additional adjustments for certain items, as itemized in the discussion of Adjusted EBITDA in the following pages and excludes share-based compensation expense to address considerable variability among companies in recording compensation expense because companies use share-based payment awards differently, both in the type and quantity of awards granted. For purposes of our EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA calculations, we do not adjust for consumer financing interest expense associated with term loan securitization transactions because we consider it to be an operating expense of our business. We consider Adjusted EBITDA to be an indicator of operating performance, which we use to measure our ability to service debt, fund capital expenditures, expand our business, and return cash to stockholders. We also use Adjusted EBITDA, as do analysts, lenders, investors and others, because this measure excludes certain items that can vary widely across different industries or among companies within the same industry. For example, interest expense can be dependent on a company's capital structure, debt levels and credit ratings. Accordingly, the impact of interest expense on earnings can vary significantly among companies. The tax positions of companies can also vary because of their differing abilities to take advantage of tax benefits and because of the tax policies of the jurisdictions in which they operate. As a result, effective tax rates and provisions for income taxes can vary considerably among companies. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA also exclude depreciation and amortization because companies utilize productive assets of different ages and use different methods of both acquiring and depreciating productive assets. These differences can result in considerable variability in the relative costs of productive assets and the depreciation and amortization expense among companies. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful as an indicator of operating performance because it allows for period-over-period comparisons of our on-going core operations before the impact of the excluded items. Adjusted EBITDA also facilitates comparison by us, analysts, investors, and others, of results from our on-going core operations before the impact of these items with results from other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA Margin and Segment Adjusted EBITDA Margin. We evaluate Adjusted EBITDA margin and Segment adjusted EBITDA margin as indicators of operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA margin represents Adjusted EBITDA divided by our total revenues less cost reimbursement revenues. Segment adjusted EBITDA margin represents Segment adjusted EBITDA divided by the applicable segment's total revenues less cost reimbursement revenues. We evaluate Adjusted EBITDA margin and Segment adjusted EBITDA margin and believe it provides useful information to investors because it allows for period-over-period comparisons of our on-going core operations.

Expect to Generate Substantial Adjusted Free Cash Flow in 2024

($M)	Low	High
Adjusted EBITDA*	**$760**	**$800**
Cash interest	(150)	(145)
Cash taxes	(140)	(150)
Corporate capital expenditures	(65)	(85)
Inventory	(10)	-
Financing activity and other	5	30
Adjusted Free Cash Flow*	**$400**	**$450**

*Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash Flow are non-GAAP measures. For definitions and reconciliation, please see appendix.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(In millions)	2024	
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA	**Low**	**High**
Net income attributable to common stockholders	$ 265	$ 300
Interest expense	163	158
Provision for income taxes	119	134
Depreciation and amortization	143	143
EBITDA	690	735
Share-based compensation	37	37
Certain items		
Transaction and integration costs	20	15
Litigation and other charges	13	13
Adjusted EBITDA	$ 760	$ 800
Total revenues excluding cost reimbursements	$ 3,380	$ 3,450
Adjusted EBITDA margin	22%	23%

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(In millions)	Reportable Segments: Vacation Ownership	Reportable Segments: Exchange & Third-Party Management	Reportable Segments: Corporate and Other	Reportable Segments: 2023 Total	VO and Exchange & Third-Party Management	% Vacation Ownership	% Exchange & Third-Party Management
Net income attributable to common stockholders	$ 777	$ 93	$ (616)	$ 254	$ 870		
Interest expense	-	-	145	145	-		
Provision for income taxes	-	-	146	146	-		
Depreciation and amortization	93	31	11	135	124		
EBITDA	870	124	(314)	680	994		
Share-based compensation	8	2	21	31	10		
Certain items [(1)]	5	4	41	50	9		
Adjusted EBITDA	$ 883	$ 130	$ (252)	$ 761	$ 1,013	87%	13%
Total revenues	$ 4,468	$ 262	$ (3)	4,727	$ 4,730		
Less: cost reimbursements	(1,587)	(16)	42	(1,561)	(1,603)		
Total revenues excluding cost reimbursements	$ 2,881	$ 246	$ 39	$ 3,166	$ 3,127		
Adjusted EBITDA margin		52%					

(1) Certain items for combined company in 2023 consisted of $37 million of transaction and integration costs (including $15 million of ILG integration related costs and $22 million of Welk acquisition and integration related costs), $8 million of purchase accounting adjustments, $13 million of litigation charges, $32 million of impairment charges, $6 million of restructuring charges, $10 million of early redemption of senior secured notes, and $1 million of other charges, partially offset by $31 million of changes in indemnification asset, $9 million of insurance proceeds, $8 million of gains on dispositions, $6 million of foreign currency translation, and $3 million of other income.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Adjusted EBITDA Contribution. We calculate Adjusted EBITDA Contribution by calculating profit by revenue source (development, management and exchange, rental and financing) and then calculating profit by revenue source as a percentage of total profit, as reconciled herein. We consider Adjusted EBITDA Contribution to be an indicator of operating performance and believe it provides useful information to investors because it demonstrates the diversity of our business model and provides perspective regarding how much of our total Adjusted EBITDA comes from each revenue source.

	2023	
(In millions)	Adjusted EBITDA Contribution	Adjusted Contribution % [(1)]
Development profit	$ 413	37%
Management and exchange profit	371	33%
Rental profit	119	11%
Financing profit	209	19%
Total	$ 1,112	100%

(1) Represents the contribution toward Adjusted EBITDA for the listed profit lines.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow. We evaluate Free cash flow and Adjusted free cash flow as liquidity measures that provide useful information to management and investors about the amount of cash provided by operating activities after capital expenditures for property and equipment and the borrowing and repayment activity related to our term loan securitizations, which cash can be used for, among other purposes, strategic opportunities including acquisitions and strengthening the balance sheet. Adjusted free cash flow, which reflects additional adjustments to Free cash flow for the impact of transaction and integration charges, borrowings available from the securitization of eligible vacation ownership notes receivable, changes in restricted cash, restructuring charges, certain project costs and capital expenditures, insurance proceeds, litigation charges, and other adjustments, allows for period-over-period comparisons of the cash generated by our business before the impact of these items. Analysis of Free cash flow and Adjusted free cash flow also facilitates management's comparison of our results with our competitors' results.

(In millions)	2024	
Adjusted free cash flow	**Low**	**High**
Net cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash provided by operating activities	$ 235	$ 276
Capital expenditures for property and equipment (excluding inventory)	(65)	(85)
Borrowings from securitizations, net of repayments	105	120
Securitized debt issuance costs	(11)	(12)
Free cash flow	264	299
Adjustments:		
Net change in borrowings available from the securitization of eligible vacation ownership notes receivable (1)	110	125
Certain items (2)	26	22
Change in restricted cash	-	4
Adjusted free cash flow	$ 400	$ 450

(1) Represents the anticipated net change in borrowings available from the securitization of eligible vacation ownership notes receivable between the 2023 and 2024 year-ends.

(2) Certain items adjustment consists primarily of the after-tax impact of anticipated transaction and integration costs.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(In millions)

Adjusted free cash flow	**2023**
Net cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash provided by operating activities	$ 232
Capital expenditures for property and equipment (excluding inventory)	(118)
Borrowings from securitizations, net of repayments	161
Securitized debt issuance costs	(12)
Free cash flow	263
Adjustments:	
Capital expenditures (1)	56
Transaction, integration, and restructuring costs (2)	33
Decrease in restricted cash	4
Net change in borrowings available from the securitization of eligible vacation ownership notes receivable (3)	(2)
Insurance proceeds (4)	(7)
Litigation charges and other (5)	1
Adjusted free cash flow	$ 348

(1) Represents adjustment to exclude capital expenditures, primarily related to our new global corporate headquarters in Orlando, FL.

(2) Represents adjustment to exclude the after-tax impact of transaction and integration costs, primarily in connection with the Welk Acquisition and business restructuring.

(3) Represents the net change in borrowings available from the securitization of eligible vacation ownership notes receivable between the 2022 and 2023 year-ends.

(4) Represents adjustment to exclude the after-tax impact of insurance proceeds.

(5) Represents adjustment to exclude the after-tax impact of litigation charges and miscellaneous other items which were primarily related to a concession payment in Cancun and Maui wildfire recoveries.

Thank you.