INVESTOR PRESENTATION



Forward-Looking Statements



We refer throughout this presentation to the results from the business associated with the brands that existed prior to our acquisition of ILG, Inc. ("ILG") as "Legacy-MVW," and we refer to the results from the business and brands that were acquired from ILG as "Legacy-ILG."

The Company cautions you that these statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, conditions beyond our control such as the length and severity of the current COVID-19 pandemic and its effect on our operations, its short and longer-term impact on the demand for travel and consumer confidence, and the availability and distribution of effective vaccines; the pace of recovery following the COVID-19 pandemic or as effective treatments or vaccines become widely available; the Company's ability to manage and reduce expenditures in a low revenue environment; volatility in the economy and the credit markets, changes in supply and demand for vacation ownership products, competitive conditions, the availability of additional financing when and if required, and other matters disclosed under the heading "Risk Factors" contained in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and in subsequent SEC filings, any of which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied in this presentation. These statements are made as of the date of issuance and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

In this presentation we use certain financial measures that are not prescribed by United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We discuss our reasons for reporting these non-GAAP financial measures herein, and reconcile the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to each non-GAAP financial measure that we report (in the Appendix). Non-GAAP financial measures are identified in the footnotes in the pages that follow and are further explained in the Appendix. Although we evaluate and present these non-GAAP financial measures for the reasons described in the Appendix, please be aware that these non-GAAP financial measures have limitations and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for revenues, net income, earnings per share or any other comparable operating measure prescribed by GAAP. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures may be calculated and / or presented differently than measures with the same or similar names that are reported by other companies, and as a result, the non-GAAP financial measures we report may not be comparable to those reported by others.

Leading Provider of Vacation Experiences

MARRIOTT VACATIONS WORLDWIDE

Vacation Ownership

Nearly

Approximately

7

120

700,000

Iconic brands

Resorts

Owner families



Exchange and Third-Party Management

Serving

Nearly

Over

1.7M

3,200

160

Members

Exchange Resorts

Properties managed

Leading
Upper Upscale
& Luxury
Vacation
Ownership
Developer



Powerful Business Model Driving Long-Term Growth



- Ideally Positioned For Travel Recovery
- Unique Business Model
- Long-Term Growth Strategy



Ideally Positioned For Travel Recovery

100% focused on leisure travel



Timeshare owners are avid travelers with vested interests in their vacations



Enviable owner base with large & attractive addressable market



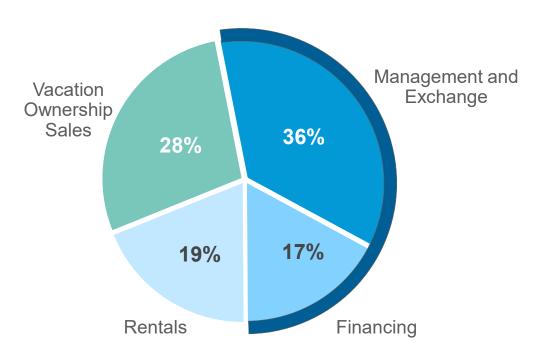
Large square footage & in-room kitchens make properties better suited for social distancing



Strong liquidity position with substantial cost saving opportunities



Adjusted EBITDA Contribution











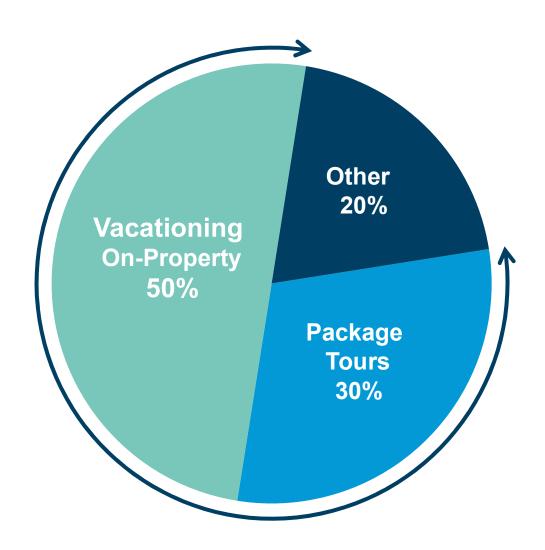


Leisure Customers Are Traveling

Select Occupancies:	First Qtr. 2021	April 2021	May 2021
Hawaii	64%	86%	94%
Florida Beaches	93%	96%	96%
South Carolina	91%	98%	99%
Orlando, FL	64%	82%	83%
• Desert	66%	91%	85%
Mountains	89%	81%	87%
Newport Coast, CA	75%	98%	99%
U.S. Virgin Islands	84%	93%	94%
		24 7 7 1	3

Most Contract Sales Historically Come From Guests Staying on Property

~80%
of Sales Come From On-Property Guests

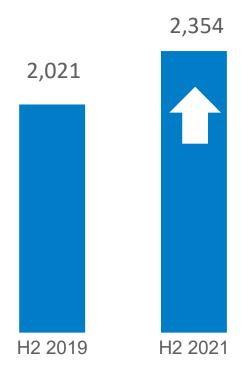






Bookings Are Up in Second Half 2021 Compared to Same Time in 2019

Nights Booked (000's)





Strong Liquidity Position...

MARRIOTT VACATIONS WORLDWIDE

As of March 31, 2021

Available cash on hand

\$432M

 Gross notes available for securitization under warehouse facility

\$345M

 Additional borrowing capacity under revolving credit facility

\$598M



... With No Long-Term Debt Maturities Before Late 2022

MARRIOTT VACATIONS WORLDWIDE

Debt Maturity Schedule (\$M)



Now Targeting \$200M+ Total Cost Savings

MARRIOTT VACATIONS WORLDWIDE

~\$55M+

To-Go Opportunities

ADDITIONAL SAVINGS

- Process consolidation
- Digital transformation
- Reduced applications
- IT platform optimization
- Infrastructure modernization

~\$200M+
Total
Savings

~\$145M¹
Synergies

COMPLETED INITIATIVES

- Duplicate Positions
- Public company costs
- Process alignment
- G&A / infrastructure

September 2018

March 2021



Powerful Business Model Driving Long-Term Growth



- Ideally Positioned For Travel Recovery
- Unique Business Model
- Long-Term Growth Strategy



We Have a Broad, Diverse Portfolio



Strengthened by the ILG Acquisition

Vacation Ownership ~88% of Revenues

- Sales of vacation ownership products & financing
- Management & rentals

















- Exchange
- Third-party management



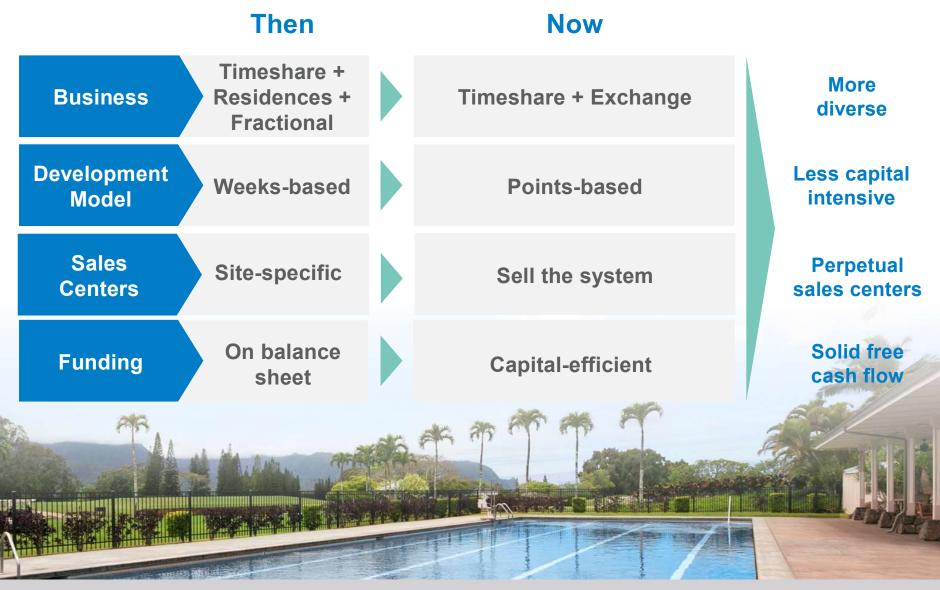






More Diverse, Less Capital-Intensive Model





Large And Attractive Addressable Market

MARRIOTT VACATIONS WORLDWIDE

>35M

households - addressable market in U.S. alone

>\$130k median annual income

~740 FICO score

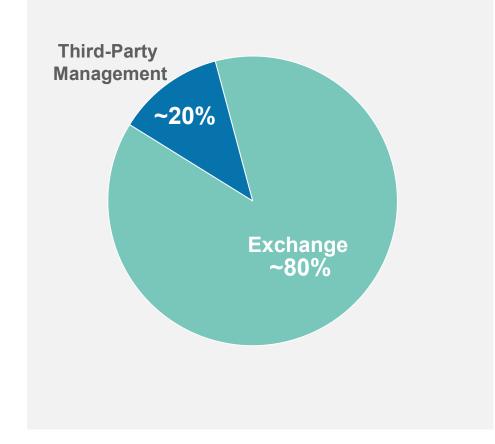
\$1.5M median net worth



High-Margin Exchange & Third-Party Management Business Provides Strong Free Cash Flow







Key Metrics



Interval International Active Members

1.5M

Average Revenue per Member

\$169



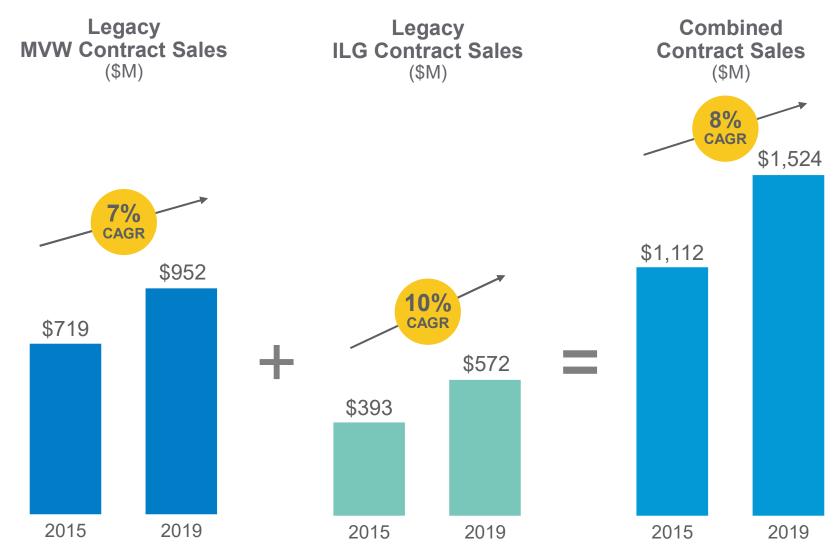


Capital Expenditures

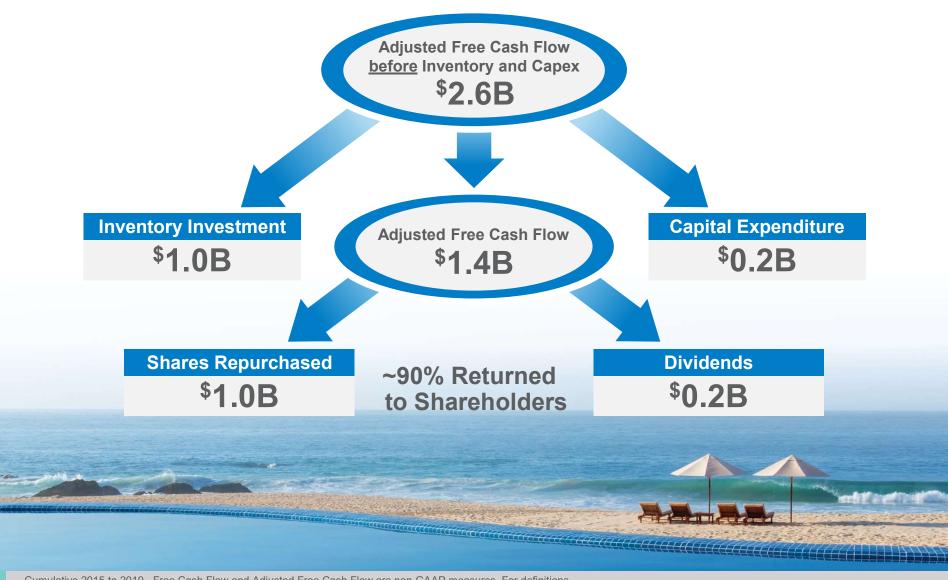
\$13M

Strong Performance Record





A Powerful Free Cash Flow Engine



Powerful Business Model Driving Long-Term Growth



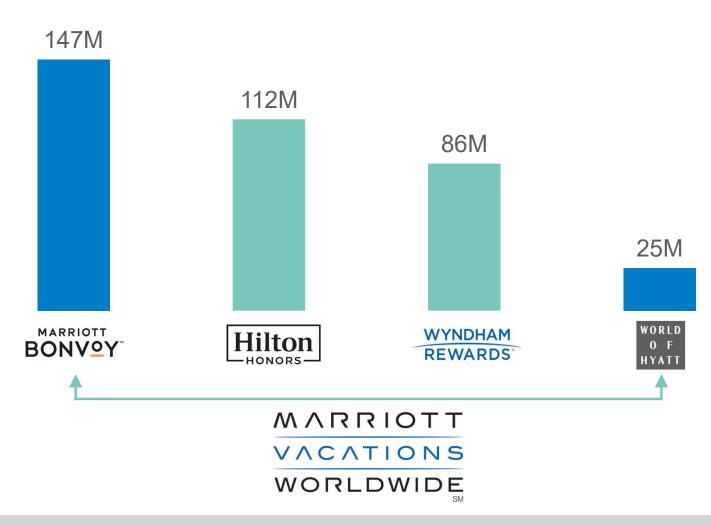
- Ideally Positioned For Travel Recovery
- Unique Business Model
- Long-Term Growth Strategy



Leveraging Strong License Relationships



Number of Loyalty Members



Driving Growth with Digital

MARRIOTT VACATIONS WORLDWIDE

1

Strengthen Our Digital Infrastructure

2

Grow Online Tour Packages

3

Enhance Customer Experiences

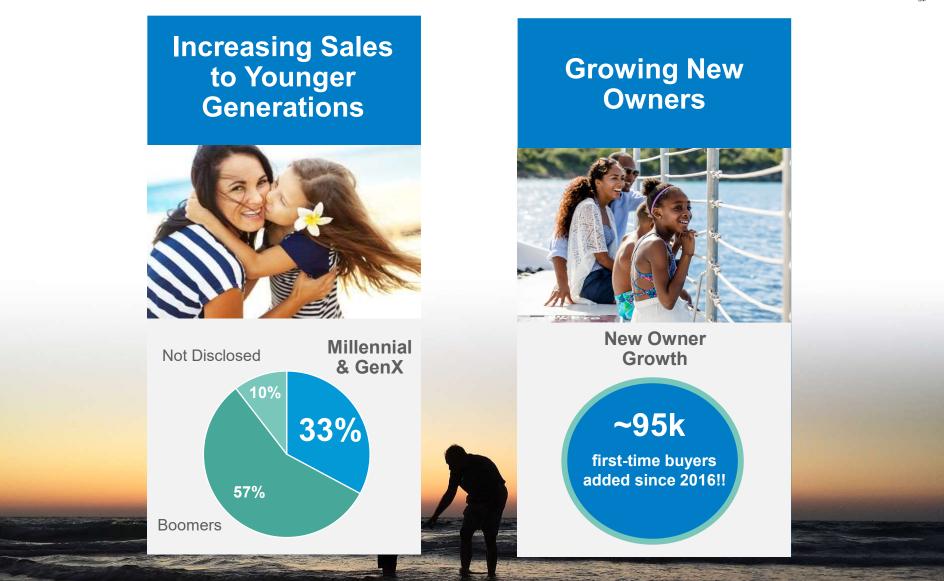


Acquired Brands Underrepresented in Major Markets

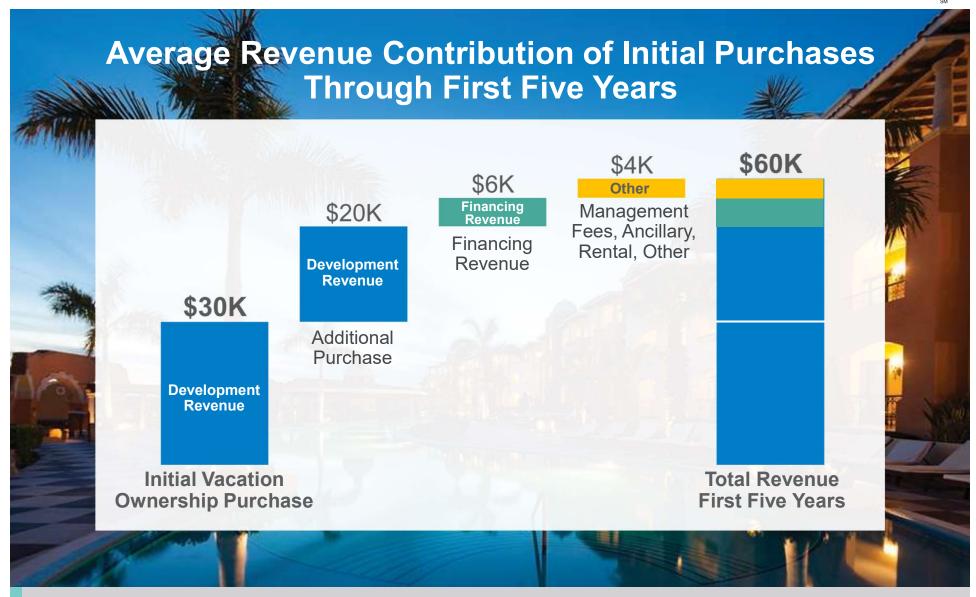


	warriott VACATION CLUB*	WESTIN° VACATION CLUB	SHERATON VACATION CLUB	HYATT RESIDENCE CLUB
• Las Vegas, NV	V			
Orlando, FL	V		V	
• Maui, HI	V	V		V
Waikiki, HI				
Big Island, HI	V			
• Urban	V			·
Key West, FL				V
Aruba	V			
Cancun, Mexico		V		
Los Cabos, Mexico		V		V
Asia Pacific	V	11		

Focus on New Owners and Younger Generations

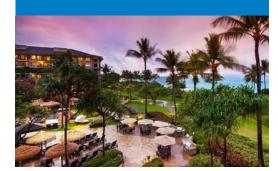


Adding New Owners to the System Grows Revenue



Grow Exchange & Third-Party Management Business

Increase share of wallet with enhanced product offerings



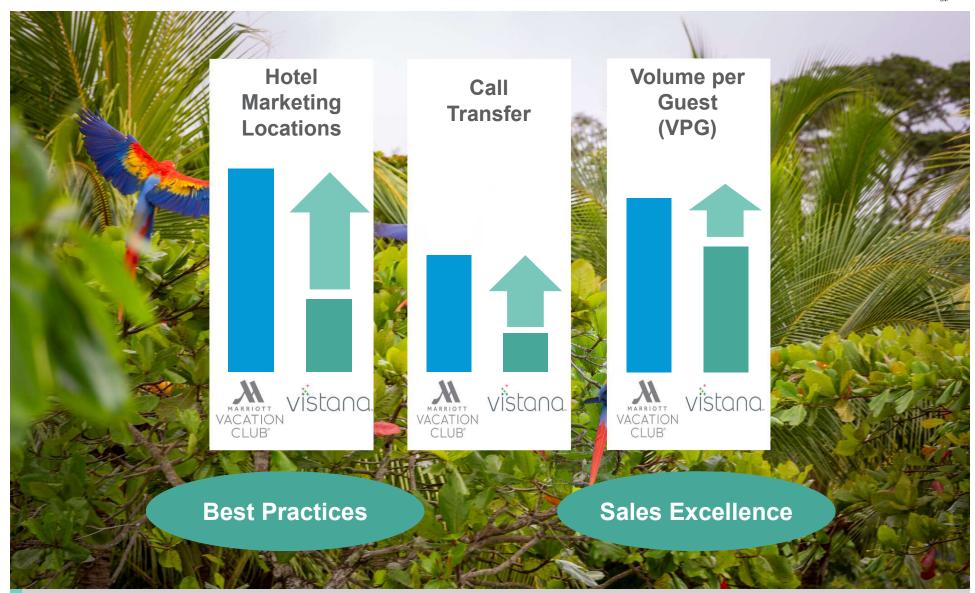
Expand distribution channels



Grow affiliations & management contracts



Capturing Revenue Synergies From ILG Acquisition



Acquisition of Welk Resorts Provides Long-term Growth and Margin Improvement



Plan to rebrand Welk to Hyatt Residence Club

- Will expand number of Hyatt Residence Club keys by 90%
- More than double number of Owners to ~80k
- 3+ years of built inventory

Increase development profit

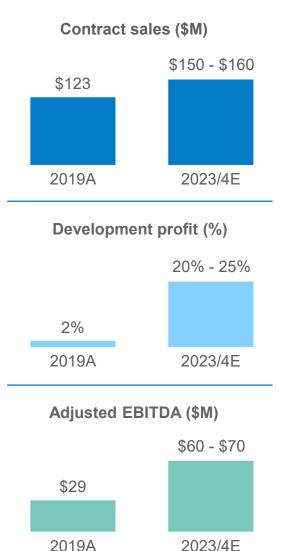
- · Replace high-cost marketing & sales channels
- Leverage branded marketing channels
- Introduce MVW's sales training

Improve rental profit

· Leverage more efficient Hyatt distribution channels

Capture cost synergies

- Leverage existing infrastructure to eliminate redundancies and deliver cost savings
- Opportunity to drive exchange savings through Interval International



Linking All Marriott-Branded Vacation Ownership Resorts



Well Positioned For Travel Recovery



100% focused on leisure travel



Timeshare owners are avid travelers with vested interests in their vacations



Enviable owner base with large & attractive addressable market



Large square footage & in-room kitchens make properties better suited for social distancing



Strong liquidity position with substantial cost saving opportunities





Non-GAAP Financial Measures



In our presentation we report certain financial measures that are not prescribed by United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We discuss below our reasons for reporting these non-GAAP financial measures, and we've made footnote references to them on the preceding pages. Although we evaluate and present these non-GAAP financial measures for the reasons described below, please be aware that these non-GAAP financial measures have limitations and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for revenues, net income or any other comparable operating measure prescribed by GAAP. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures may be calculated and / or presented differently than measures with the same or similar names that are reported by other companies, and as a result, the non-GAAP financial measures we report may not be comparable to those reported by others.

We evaluate non-GAAP financial measures, including Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Free Cash Flow, that exclude certain items such as cost reimbursements, acquisition related, organizational and separation related, litigation, and other charges, because these non-GAAP financial measures allow for period-over-period comparisons of our on-going core operations before the impact of these items. These non-GAAP financial measures also facilitate our comparison of results from our on-going core operations before these items with results from other vacation ownership companies.

Adjusted Earnings Before Interest Expense, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA"). We define Adjusted EBITDA as earnings, or net income or loss attributable to common shareholders, before interest expense (excluding consumer financing interest expense associated with term loan securitization transactions), income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA reflects additional adjustments for certain items, as itemized in the discussion of Adjusted EBITDA in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and in subsequent SEC filings, and excludes share-based compensation expense to address considerable variability among companies in recording compensation expense because companies use share-based payment awards differently, both in the type and quantity of awards granted. For purposes of our EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA calculations, we do not adjust for consumer financing interest expense associated with term loan securitization transactions because we consider it to be an operating expense of our business. We consider Adjusted EBITDA to be an indicator of operating performance, which we use to measure our ability to service debt, fund capital expenditures and expand our business. We also use Adjusted EBITDA, as do analysts, lenders, investors and others, because this measure excludes certain items that can vary widely across different industries or among companies within the same industry. For example, interest expense can be dependent on a company's capital structure, debt levels and credit ratings. Accordingly, the impact of interest expense on earnings can vary significantly among companies. The tax positions of companies can also vary because of their differing abilities to take advantage of tax benefits and because of the tax policies of the jurisdictions in which they operate. As a result, effective tax rates and provision for income taxes can vary considerably among companies. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA also exclude depreciation and amortization because companies utilize productive assets of different ages and use different methods of both acquiring and depreciating productive assets. These differences can result in considerable variability in the relative costs of productive assets and the depreciation and amortization expense among companies. We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful as an indicator of operating performance because it allows for period-over-period comparisons of our on-going core operations before the impact of the excluded items. Adjusted EBITDA also facilitates comparison by us, analysts, investors, and others, of results from our on-going core operations before the impact of these items with results from other vacation companies.

Free Cash Flow, Adjusted Free Cash Flow and Total Cash Flow. We evaluate Free Cash Flow as a liquidity measure that provides useful information to management and investors about the amount of cash provided by operating activities after capital expenditures for property and equipment (excluding inventory) and the borrowing and repayment activity related to our securitizations, which cash can be used for strategic opportunities, including acquisitions and strengthening the balance sheet. Adjusted Free Cash Flow and Total Cash Flow, which reflects additional adjustments to Free Cash Flow for the impact of borrowings available from the securitization of eligible vacation ownership notes receivable, acquisition and restructuring charges, and changes in restricted cash, allows for period-over-period comparisons of the cash generated by our business before the impact of these items. Analysis of Free Cash flow and Total Cash Flow also facilities management's comparison of our results with our competitors' results.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures



Revenues Excluding Cost Reimbursements. Cost reimbursements revenue includes direct and indirect costs that property owners' associations and joint ventures we participate in reimburse to us, and relates, predominantly, to payroll costs where we are the employer. As we record cost reimbursements based upon costs incurred with no added markup, this revenue and related expense has no impact on net income attributable to us because cost reimbursements revenue net of reimbursed costs expense is zero. We consider revenues excluding cost reimbursements to be a meaningful metric as it represents that portion of revenue that impacts net income attributable to us.

(In millions)	Exchange & Third Party		Vacation Ownership		Corporate and Other		!	2019 Total	VO and Exchang & Third Party Adjusted		% Vacation Ownership Revenues	% Exchange and Third Party Revenues
Revenues												
Sale of vacation ownership products	\$	-	\$	1,390	\$	-	\$	1,390	\$	1,390		
Management and exchange		298		509		147		954		807		
Rental		61		562		5		628		623		
Financing		4		271		-		275		275		
Cost reimbursements		91		1,137		(120)		1,108		1,228		
Total revenues		454		3,869		32		4,355		4,323		
Less: cost reimbursements		(91)		(1,137)		120		(1,108)		(1,228)		
Total revenues excluding cost reimbursements		363		2,732		152		3,247		3,095	88%	12%

Adjusted EBITDA Profit. We calculate Adjusted EBITDA Profit by dividing segment or total company Adjusted EBITDA, where applicable, by segment or total company revenues excluding cost reimbursements, where applicable. We consider Adjusted EBITDA Profit to be an indicator of operating performance for our segments and total company, and believe it provides useful information to investors, because it demonstrates the diversity of our business model and provides perspective regarding how much of our total Adjusted EBITDA Profit comes from each segment and the total company.

Adjusted EBITDA Contribution. We calculate Adjusted EBITDA Contribution by adding up the results of operations from our Development, Resort management / Management and exchange, Rental and Financing businesses, excluding allocations for general and administrative costs, royalty fees, and add backs for share-based compensation and depreciation, and then dividing that result by each business' results of operations, as reconciled herein. We consider Adjusted EBITDA Contribution to be an indicator of operating performance for our collective and separate businesses, and believe it provides useful information to investors, because it demonstrates the diversity of our business model and provides perspective regarding how much of our total Adjusted EBITDA comes from each of our businesses.

(In millions)	Ad	2019 ljusted OA Profit**	Adjusted EBITDA Margin** Contribution ⁽¹⁾			
Development profit	\$	316	28%			
Management and exchange profit		404	36%			
Rental profit		212	19%			
Financing profit		179	16%			
Total adjusted EBITDA profit	\$	1,111	100%			

⁽¹⁾ Represents the contribution toward Adjusted EBITDA.

Cumulative Adjusted Free Cash Flow – 2015 through 2019



(In millions)	2015		2016		2017		2	2018	2	019	Cumulative	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	109	\$	141	\$	142	\$	97	\$	382	\$	871
Capital expenditures for property and equipment (excluding inventory):												
Other		(36)		(35)		(26)		(40)		(46)		(183)
Investment in operating portion of Surfers Paradise hotel that will be sold 1		(47)		-		-		-		-		(47)
Change in restricted cash		37		5		-		-		-		42
Borrowings from securitization transactions		255		377		400		539		1,026		2,597
Repayment of debt related to securitizations		(278)		(323)		(293)		(382)		(880)		(2,156)
Free cash flow		40		165		223		214		482		1,124
Adjustments:												
ILG acquisition-related costs		-		-		-		162		81		243
Litigation charges		-		-		-		18		22		40
Inventory / other payments associated with capital efficient inventory arrangements		-		-		-		(33)		(27)		(60)
Net insurance proceeds from business interruption claims		-		-		-		(57)		(41)		(98)
Borrowings from non-traditional securitization transaction		-		-		-		-		(59)		(59)
Organizational and separation-related, litigation and other charges		8		-		-		-		-		8
Proceeds from sale of operating portion of Surfers Paradise hotel 1		47		-		-		-		-		47
Accelerated payment of liability for Marriott Rewards customer loyalty program ²		66		-		-		-		-		66
Other ³		-		-		-		6		(21)		(15)
Borrowings available from the securitization of eligible vacation ownership notes		68		(5)		45		(31)		58		135
receivable ⁴												
Change in restricted cash		-		-		(15)		(14)		(31)		(60)
Adjusted free cash flow	\$	229	\$	160	\$	253	\$	265	\$	464	\$	1,371

NOTE: Beginning in fiscal year 2017, we now present the change in restricted cash as an adjustment to free cash flow, rather than including the change in restricted cash in free cash flow, but have not restated prior year presentation for this change.

Represents the estimated investment in, as well as the proceeds from the subsequent sale of, the operating portion of the Surfers Paradise hotel.

² Represents the portion of the Q1 2016 liability for Marriott Rewards customer loyalty program payment that was accelerated into Q4 2015.

³ 2018 - primarily an adjustment to exclude losses resulting from fraudulently induced electronic wire payment disbursements made to third parties; 2019 - primarily \$21 million to exclude prior year Legacy-ILG net tax refunds and \$2 million recovery of a portion of the fraudulently induced electronic payment disbursements made in 2018, offset partially by \$2 million of integration related IT costs.

⁴ Represents the net change in borrowings available from the securitization of eligible vacation ownership notes receivable between year ends.